

Butler Tobin Grant Application

19th October 2018

Against Malaria Foundation

What we do

We help protect people from malaria.

We fund anti-malaria nets, specifically long-lasting insecticidal nets (LLINs), and work with distribution partners to ensure they are used. We track and report on net use and malaria case data.

How we would use a \$100,000 grant

We would use 100% of \$100,000 to buy, at \$2 per net, 50,000 long-lasting insecticidal nets (LLINs) to protect an estimated 80,000 people when they sleep at night from the bites of malaria carrying mosquitoes. That is the population of 160 villages. These nets could be expected to prevent 30 deaths and 30,000 cases of malaria. We allocate each donation to a specific net distribution and we would share a link that would allow tracking of exactly where the nets are distributed.

How we work

We identify, or have brought to our attention, areas of significant malaria where there are gaps in funding for nets and seek corroborating evidence for funding gaps by liaising with existing funders and involved partners.

Where we are satisfied there is evidence for a gap in funding, we seek data from the country's National Malaria Control Programme, the body within a country's Ministry of Health that coordinates malaria control activity, to establish the net gap and the funding need. This includes reviewing and assessing population figures for accuracy.

We present a draft Distribution Agreement to the MOH that proposes, through some 35 clauses, how net need will be established at the individual household-level, what data will be collected, how it will be collected and shared with AMF, and how AMF will assess its accuracy and any corrections required before the records are used to guide the distribution of nets. The Agreement also covers distribution activities to ensure beneficiaries are protected as intended and post-distribution activities that allow us to monitor coverage levels over time.

Assessing impact

We assess the success of our campaigns by focusing, post net distribution, on the immediate level of sleeping space coverage by viable long-lasting insecticidal nets, and then, coverage levels over the subsequent two and a half years. There is a direct correlation between coverage levels and reduction in malaria. In addition, we review the operational details of campaigns seeking to learn and improve future campaigns.

We publish all distribution and monitoring data in our desire to be particularly accountable and transparent with our work.

AMF was established in 2004.

GiveWell review of AMF: <https://www.givewell.org/charities/amf>